

TEDDY HELD UP TO RIDICULE BY TAFT

President Calls Predecessor an Intense and Dangerous Egotist, a Flatterer and a Demagogue.

BITTER SPEECH AT CAMBRIDGE

Address Boils Over With Bitter Criticism of the Colonel.

LIKES FOR MAN TO TELL TRUTH

Says Roosevelt is Trying to Honey-fuge the People.

COMPARISON WITH LINCOLN

Executive Asks if Martyred President Would go Around the Country Misrepresenting Him as Roosevelt has Done.

CAMBRIDGE, O., May 12.—In one of the most bitter speeches he has made since he began his active campaign for a renomination, President Taft here today held Roosevelt up to ridicule, called him an intense and dangerous egotist and a flatterer and demagogue.

Mr. Taft suggested that there would be "but little hope for the future of this nation if Mr. Roosevelt were waited to the skies in a chariot, like the prophet of old, and there was no one left to do the job Mr. Roosevelt said the country needs him to do."

The president's speech boiled over with attacks and criticisms of Colonel Roosevelt.

"You'd suppose there wasn't anybody in the country to do this job that Mr. Roosevelt talks about but himself," said the president at one point. "It's I. I. I. all the time with him."

"Suppose you feed that egotism and vanity and put him in office with a sense of power and a disregard of constitutional restrictions. It would be dangerous for this country."

"I hold that man a demagogue and a flatterer who comes and tells the people they like it all. I hate a flatterer. I like a man to tell the truth straight out and I hate to see a man try to honey-fuge the people by telling them something he don't believe."

"Do you think that Abraham Lincoln, to whom Mr. Roosevelt so often refers, to whom he likes to compare himself and to whom he bears resemblance than any one I know in the history of this country, would have acted as Mr. Roosevelt has and misrepresented me as he has?"

"Mr. Roosevelt promises the millennium, free from bosses. Well then, why wasn't there a millennium during the seven years he was in the White House?" "One indictment," he said, "is the character of the campaign Mr. Roosevelt is carrying on. Personally I feel that you're deeper than any other because I think he's to be indicted for making the kind of accusations and libels against me which required me, the president of the United States in order to save the cause I represent, to come out on the platform and go about making political speeches in my behalf and doing something that a modest man dislikes."

DENVER, O., May 12.—"They tell me this is a Roosevelt town," was the president's opening remark today to a crowd that met his train here to listen to the second speech of his present campaign tour.

"It is," yelled a man on the station platform.

"They say you are against me," continued the president. "Because I was in favor of reciprocity. Well, I was. I was in favor of reciprocity because I believed it to be for the good of the farmers and every other class. It would be greatly to the benefit of the farmers, but the thing is dead."

"Now, what I want to say to you, you are utterly illogical in opposing me on account of reciprocity, when the fact is that before I entered into reciprocity at all I wrote to Theodore Roosevelt and consulted him about it and told him all the arguments both ways. He commended me most highly for going into the business and approved it in every way. Now that he finds reciprocity is not popular with the farmers he recants and says that well, he has changed his mind about it."

Roosevelt to Visit South Dakota.
SIOUX FALLS, S. D., May 12.—Theodore Roosevelt is coming to South Dakota to make a personal fight for the ten delegates from the state to the republican national convention. He will make a flying visit June 1, spending that day in the state. It is expected here that Taft and La Follette also will visit the state. The state primary will be held June 4.

Water Fourteen Feet Deep in Streets of Irvinville, Louisiana

NEW ROADS, La., May 12.—Circling the bluff of False River, which had flooded temporarily to check its progress, flood water from the levee break at Terras is today spreading ruin over the town of the thickly settled country south of here. Plantation after plantation that dot the Mississippi bottom, some of the largest and richest sugar cane producing fields on the west bank of the river are covered by the water.

A report from Irvinville, fifteen miles north of Port Allen, reached here today that the water was fourteen feet deep in that town. One hundred and fifty persons are said to be marooned there. Lieutenant Rogers of the federal relief corps is preparing to send aid to them.

BRIDE OF THREE MONTHS

IS CHOKED TO DEATH

LINCOLN, Kan., May 12.—The body of Rosy Kapsam, a bride of three months, with bruises indicating she had been choked to death, was found covered with an old carpet on the floor of her home here last night.

The police say the woman met her death resting on an attack. Her husband had gone to the village, leaving her alone in the house. Rosy Kapsam, aged 30 years, Mrs. Kapsam's father-in-law, was arrested and now is in jail at Mason.

HAYWARD SUGGESTS CHANGE

Secretary Has Plan for Readjusting Republican Representation.

IS BASED ON THE ACTUAL VOTE

Preliminaries for Hearing Contests Will Be Arranged Later in the Week—Two Hundred Seventy-Five to Be Filed.

CHICAGO, May 12.—Secretary William Hayward, of the republican national committee, who arrived today to take charge of the preliminary work for the committee's hearing on contests, June 6, admitted that he has a plan for the readjustment of southern representation in the republican convention, but declined to discuss it.

Hayward is said, however, to provide for representation by congressional districts based on the actual vote cast. Four years ago it was suggested to reduce the representation with the state as the unit, but no action was taken.

Plans for the convention made by Mr. Hayward and Treasurer Upham will be submitted to Colonel Harry S. New, chairman of the sub-committee in charge of the plans of the convention on his arrival here tomorrow or Wednesday. Acting Chairman Victor Rosewater and Sergeant-at-Arms William F. Stone, are expected to arrive in a few days to plan the preliminaries for the national committee's hearing of the contests.

One of the first questions which the sub-committee on arrangements will be called on to determine is the apportionment of seats to visitors.

Notice of one new seat contest was received by the national committee today. It was from the third district of Louisiana. Four years ago there were 219 contests. This year it is expected that the number will reach 25. Thus far notice of but eight contests has officially reached the committee.

Wyoming is for Taft.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., May 12.—The republican and democratic state conventions met today to select delegates to the Chicago and Baltimore national conventions, respectively, and to name national committeemen.

Twelve of the thirteen county delegations to the republican convention favored Taft instructions. R. B. Brooks, temporary chairman, eulogized the Taft administration and recounted the progress of the country under republican administration.

Conventions in Minnesota.
ST. PAUL, May 12.—County republican conventions to instruct two sets of delegates, one to the district conventions to be held Wednesday, the other to the state convention to be held Thursday, are scheduled to be held throughout the state today.

Although hot contests are not considered likely in many conventions La Follette supporters, it is said, will attempt to make a strong showing, particularly in view of the fact that revised returns from the late primaries indicate that La Follette has carried the Ninth district which first was thought to be safe for Roosevelt.

Returns from Ramsey, Brown, Bluff, St. Martin, Murray and Nicollet counties show that the delegates were all instructed for Roosevelt. Those from Winona county were instructed for Taft.

Fifth district delegates to republican national convention, Stanley Washburn and D. A. Rahn, instructed for Roosevelt.

Iowa Democratic Lining Up.
BURLINGTON, Ia., May 12.—Democratic leaders began assembling in Burlington today for the democratic convention which is to be held Thursday. Indications are that the convention will be the largest democratic gathering ever held in the state.

Former Congressman W. D. Jamieson today opened Clark headquarters, and Earl Bronson is expected here tonight from Des Moines to open Wilson headquarters. Chairman N. F. Reed of the state committee has been here several days.

Twenty-six delegates to the national convention at Denver will be chosen Thursday, four of these at large and the remainder by the district convention.

Tennessee Republicans Meeting.
NASHVILLE, Tenn., May 12.—The state republican committee met here today to make up the temporary roll for tomorrow's convention, which names national convention delegates and electors from the state at large.

Secretary Hendry puts the number of delegates in contest at 14 and claims 215 delegates out of 291 are instructed for Taft. The Roosevelt forces do not concede this. Some compromise talk is heard.

It was decided on the ground that it had no authority to accept it, a compromise proposition from the Roosevelt leaders asking half the delegates and electors from the state at large and half the new state committee, allowing the present organization to keep the chairman.

Trial of Wall Paper

Combine is Started

CLEVELAND, O., May 12.—Trial of a number of men charged with having conspired in restraint of trade in their conduct of the wall paper business, scheduled to begin in the United States court here today, was thought likely to proceed without objection from either side.

Defendants are W. E. Huppoch, Hudson Falls, N. Y.; J. B. Pearce, Cleveland; C. A. Aler, Columbus; Norton Newcomb, St. Louis; Charles E. Maxwell, Chicago; R. E. Hobbs, Hoboken; John McCoy, York, Pa.; and George Tate, Glens Falls, N. Y. They represent jobbing or manufacturing establishments alleged to have agreed not to sell wall paper to a string of stores that retail wall papers in 5 and 10-cent rolls.

"Frank Hall of Hoboken will be the government's chief witness, his stores having failed, it is alleged, because of refusal of the manufacturers and jobbers to sell him wall paper."

"Frank Hall, the government's chief witness, was the first called to the stand. He gave his residence as Weehawken, N. J. He said that in July, 1910, a paper agent told him that if he wanted paper he had better buy at once, as the manufacturers at a meeting in Cleveland had decided not to sell him any more paper. He said that he immediately bought three carloads."

GENERAL OROZCO REPORTED DEAD

Persistent Rumors Say Mexican Insurgent was Killed by His Own Men.

CONFIRMATION IS LACKING

Late Afternoon Dispatches Signed With General's Name.

BATTLE RESUMED NEAR CONEJOS

Insurgents Claim to Have Advantage Thus Far.

FEDERAL ADVANCE IS CHECKED

Rebels Who Were Defeated Sunday and Forced Northward are Making a Stand Near Jimenez.

JUAREZ, May 12.—Rumors are persistent here that General Orozco is dead, killed by his own men. Messages received here, however, late today were signed by him.

Advices received in Juarez this afternoon stated that the fight had been resumed today between the rebels' eastern flank and a large number of federal troops, which were repulsed yesterday. The rebels claim to have the advantage in the fighting thus far.

Insurgents at Jimenez.

GENERAL OROZCO'S HEADQUARTERS, JIMENEZ, Mex., May 12.—General Paqual Orozco retired to Jimenez today, ninety-two miles north of Conchos, from which point the rebels were repulsed yesterday. The rebels claim to have the advantage in the fighting thus far.

Couriers brought the information today that the rebels had checked the advancing federal forces near Conchos and that fighting continued throughout the night.

General Salazar is directing the rebel maneuvers, although Orozco today ordered a portion of his forces to fall back to Jimenez. While it is believed the federal forces will be able to break through and pursue the rebels northward along the Mexican Central railway, such a movement would leave Mapimi and Torreon weakened in the event of flank attack by the heavy columns which Orozco hitherto has used to protect his center.

General Orozco expected to return southward today. The federal forces moved north yesterday from Personal in trains, later taking their positions in full sight of the rebels. Federal artillery was placed on low lying hills and flats surrounding Conchos and facing the rebel guns posted on higher hills.

The artillery duel lasted the greater part of the day. Federal shells did comparatively little damage in the rebel ranks and casualties were few.

The rebels were not demoralized. It is believed they intend to induce the federal forces to leave their base and fight in the open. General Salazar sent word to Orozco early today that the federal forces were not retreating.

Rebels Hearing Bishops.
AT THE FEDERAL FRONT, Conchos, Mexico, May 12.—Hearing bridges between the Mexican rebels today continued their retreat northward before the federal army of General Huerta. Five bridges spanning wide arroyos were destroyed by the insurgents, causing delay to government trains.

No fighting was expected today as both sides were occupied with their dead and wounded from yesterday's engagement. The rebels are believed to have lost 60 in killed and wounded.

General Orozco's headquarters have been moved northward to Relano from Escalon, a retreat of eleven miles. The rebel advance guard, after the defeat of yesterday at Conchos, fifty-five miles north of Torreon, today was sighted behind Yermo, fourteen miles north of here on the Mexican Central railway.

Though skirmishing is expected constantly, another decisive clash probably will not occur for twenty-four hours. Relano, once the battleground in the present revolution, again may be the meeting place of the two armies.

Thus far the advantage lies with the government troops, as they steadily have repulsed the rebels northward toward the American border. The superior artillery fire of the government forces is driving the insurgents so far back that their infantry fire is ineffective. It is counted upon to force the Orozco army still further northward.

G. C. ENRIE IS STABBED

Attempt Made to Kill Orozco's Financial Agent.

CHIHUAHUA, Mexico, May 12.—Gonzalo C. Enrie, right-hand man of General Orozco and admitted financial agent of the group of Mexican politicians behind the present revolution, was stabbed twice early today. Hospital authorities say he will recover. The assassins fled, believing Enrie dead.

Enrie was walking in the Plaza when attacked by two unknown men, believed to be political enemies. Enrie was unarmed. He was wounded in the shoulder and the chest above the heart.

Water Company Wins

Electrolysis Suit

CHICAGO, May 12.—After fourteen years' litigation United States District Judge Sanborn today decided the electrolysis suit between the Peoria Water Works company and the Peoria Railway company in favor of the water company, issuing a perpetual injunction restraining the railway company from allowing its electric currents to damage or interfere with the water mains. In his ruling Judge Sanborn said:

"The court having found and decided that the complainant water company has been and is being damaged by electrolysis caused by electricity generated by the defendant, and that complainant cannot prevent such injury, it is decreed that the defendant shall take such measures within a reasonable time so as to practically and substantially prevent further injury from electrolysis."

The decision of the court is regarded as necessitating a complete reconditioning of the railway properties.

HOW IF WE COULD ONLY MAKE ROOSEVELT EMPEROR OF CHINA—



From the Cleveland Plain Dealer.

NOMINATE TAFT AND WILSON—



From the Cleveland Plain Dealer.

GIVE BRYAN A LIFE JOB AND SEND HIM AND CLARK TO RUSSIA—



From the Cleveland Plain Dealer.

WHY HIND ARE ALWAYS THERE WHEN ANOTHER LIKE THUNDER!



From the Cleveland Plain Dealer.

THEATER GOERS LOSE FIGHT

Methodist Committee Refuses to Change Amusement Paragraph.

CRITICISM FOR THE BISHOPS

Prices for Special Addresses Often So High that Church Needing Them Must Do Without.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., May 12.—(Special Telegram.)—The committee of the Methodist general conference on state of the church voted down by a vote of two to one the proposition to remove any part of paragraph 30 from the discipline. This is the famous amusement paragraph that has been a storm center for years. This action by the committee having the matter in hand means that in all probability the law in the Methodist church against amusements will be unchanged for at least another four years. The recommendation of the committee to the general conference is almost certain to be carried out.

The debate in committee was a highly heated discussion. Chancellor James R. Day, of Syracuse university, led the forces favoring the expurgation of the amusement paragraph and ex-Governor Hanly of Indiana led the forces for retention.

That bishops who charge for special sermons and lectures when they receive a yearly salary of \$5,000 and traveling expense may get a "day" from the general conference before the session closes here, is indicated by several memorials on the subject which have been presented to the committee on episcopacy. It is claimed by those behind the memorials that the salary of the bishops is sufficient, and that in many cases the price for the lectures or sermons are so exorbitant that the poorer churches which need a bishop's presence must be unable to pay for it.

It is rumored that the episcopacy committee as a sort of compromise between the two factions, will recommend the retention of two bishops at the present session. Copenhagen, Denmark, may receive an episcopal residence, according to talk among the delegates. The episcopacy committee is said to have voted in favor of establishing a residence at Rome, Italy, and probably one at Hamburg, Germany. The committee is said to have favored the retention of the episcopal residence at St. Paul instead of removing it to Minneapolis, which is said to have been favored by a subcommittee.

The conference today refused to consider a resolution allowing annual conference to determine conditions under which expelled members may be reinstated.

Refused to consider resolution presented by C. L. Stafford of Iowa, asking for investigation of charges of card playing and dancing in church schools.

Many New Sunday Schools.

"This board began its work four years ago without a Sunday school missionary in any field," was the opening statement in the report of the board of Sunday schools, presented today to the general conference. "It has sent out many missionaries into all parts of the United States and into other lands. As a result of such extension work, the following facts are noted," the report continued: "New schools established, 1,138; enrollment in these schools, 2,800; church organizations resulting, 264; new churches actually built, 117; value of these churches, \$20,000. The spiritual results of the work for the four years ending in 1912, is 62,382 conversions."

The enrollment of pupils, officers and teachers in 1912, in Methodist Episcopal Sunday schools is 4,002,410. "It is the era of the Sunday school. The Sunday school of tomorrow will be a new institution. The church that appreciates and utilizes the age spirit holds the future."

Carpenters Return to Work.

CINCINNATI, O., May 12.—Fifteen hundred carpenters, who have been on strike here since May 1, will return to work as the result of an agreement signed with the Master Builders' association today. The new contract includes a clause prohibiting sympathetic strikes which the men desired to have omitted.

Freight Handlers

Offer to Arbitrate

Their Demands

CHICAGO, May 12.—President P. J. Flannery of the Freight Handlers' union today sent a letter to the General Managers' association agreeing to submit to arbitration the demands of the strikers. The men ask an increase in pay, a nine-hour day and a Saturday half holiday.

GALESBURG, Ill., May 12.—With the exception of three out of the 119 freight handlers employed by the Burlington railroad here, all turned in their time checks at 11 o'clock today and went on a strike. The local freight handlers, who receive \$1.81 a day, made a demand for a 10 per cent wage increase recently. The company offered to put the men to work on the tonnage system or let them continue to draw their present wage. The decision to strike today was made at a meeting Sunday afternoon, when every member of the union was present. Reports from the committee, sent to Chicago, one by the men and one by the company, were made. Local Burlington officials say they will have men working here with little delay. There has been no disturbances.

Sturgis Man is

Killed in Runaway

STURGIS, S. D., May 12.—(Special.)—Peter Ostlund, aged 55 years, residing near Belle Fourche river, was accidentally killed this morning. According to reports his team ran away when about four miles out of Sturgis and threw him out of his wagon which passed over him. Coroner Brandt has gone to the scene of the accident.

Back Again

Mutt and Jeff

Picture

It Will Make you Laugh

The National Capital

Monday, May 13, 1912.

The Senate.

Met at noon. Judiciary committee decided to report favorably the resolution restricting presidential tenure of office to single term of six years.

The House.

Met at noon. Considered joint resolution providing for direct election of United States senators. Judiciary committee continued its investigation into charges against Judge Archbold.

Chairman Underwood called a conference of the ways and means committee for Tuesday to consider whether a cotton tariff revision bill will be introduced at this session.

MEAT INSPECTORS EXCLUDED

Serious Charges are Made Against Philadelphia Packers.

FORMER OFFICER TESTIFIES

J. W. Burroughs Says Inspectors are Kept Out of Parts of Plants—Sanitary Conditions are Somewhat Awful.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—J. W. Burroughs, a former federal meat inspector, testified before the House investigating committee today that Philadelphia packers violated the law by refusing inspectors access to certain parts of their plants. Describing observations of packing house conditions in Philadelphia, Burroughs referred to "lard containing worms, scrapie meat of bad meat, hog carcasses that emitted an awful stench and revolting sanitary conditions." He described packing house conditions in Philadelphia "as something awful."

Burroughs appeared as a witness in support of Representative Nelson's resolution for an investigation of the meat inspection service.

Perjury Charges Probable.
CHICAGO, May 12.—Scrutiny of the testimony of witnesses for the packers during the recent criminal trial was begun today in the federal building with a view to possible perjury action against some of them. A transcript of the testimony containing more than 7,000 pages was turned over to Oliver E. Pagan, special assistant to the attorney general, and the search for contradictory statements was begun.

With the arrival of Mr. Pagan a report became current that Attorney General Wickham has given the National Packing company a stipulated time in which to submit a disavowal proportion. If no formal plan of disavowal is submitted within the next few weeks it is believed that a suit will be filed.

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BATTLE WON FOR

DIRECT ELECTION

House Adopts Joint Resolution Already Passed by Senate by Large Majority.

BILL NOW GOES TO PRESIDENT

Proclamation of States to Signify Wish Soon Will Follow.

FEDERAL CONTROL IS SECURED

Long Struggle to Make Senate Popular Body at End.

REPUBLICANS ALL FOR MEASURE

Georgia, Mississippi and Louisiana Delegations Fight in Vain to Passage, Fearing Negro Domination.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—The house today adopted, 271 to 23, a joint resolution providing for an amendment to the constitution to permit the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people. It already had passed the senate and now goes to the president.

All that remains to be done is the formal signing of the instrument and the issuance of a proclamation to the states to signify their wish on the proposed change. The vote was preceded by a bitter fight, in which the southern members joined common cause against the resolution.

Led by Representative Bartlett of Georgia, the Georgia, Mississippi and Louisiana delegations fought to prevent its passage because of the senate amendment which gave the federal government supervision of the election. They feared their opposition almost entirely upon the danger of negro domination.

The first vote taken was on an amendment by Representative Bartlett, which took from the federal government all supervisory powers. It was defeated, 139 to 89.

On the vote for the adoption of the resolution, two-thirds of the house being necessary, fifty democrats deserted.

There was not a single republican vote cast against the resolution, which was adopted to the accompaniment of thunderous applause.

Direct election of senators was first taken up by congress in 1908. From time to time recurring attempts have been made to make the senate a popular body and have its members elected as are the members of the house. Number of these resolutions have died in committee, while others were passed at the last moment of a congress, never to receive the president's signature.

Senator Bristow of Kansas introduced in 1911 the bill that passed today. Amended by the house, it has been in conference since July 3, last year, and if the house had not receded from its opposition to granting federal control of senatorial elections it might have met the fate of the others.

It was this danger that led the house not to press its issue.

Alienists Filing

Separate Reports

on C. V. T. Richeson

BOSTON, May 12.—The decision of the alienists who have been endeavoring for the last two days to determine the question of the sanity of Clarence V. T. Richeson, the confessed poisoner of Avie Linnell, was not made public today. Dr. L. Vernon Briggs submitted his report to Governor Fox, but its nature was withheld. Dr. Henry B. Stedman, another alienist who examined Richeson, called on the governor today and it was decided that each of the alienists would make an individual report of his observations instead of one joint verdict. The governor urged that the reports be expedited and Dr. Stedman said that they would be made with all reasonable dispatch.

O'Neill Fires Four

Times at Terrell

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